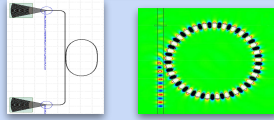


GDSFACTORY

An **Open Source** flow for circuit design, verification and validation

1M+ Downloads
50+ Contributors
10+ PDKs

1. Design



2. Verification



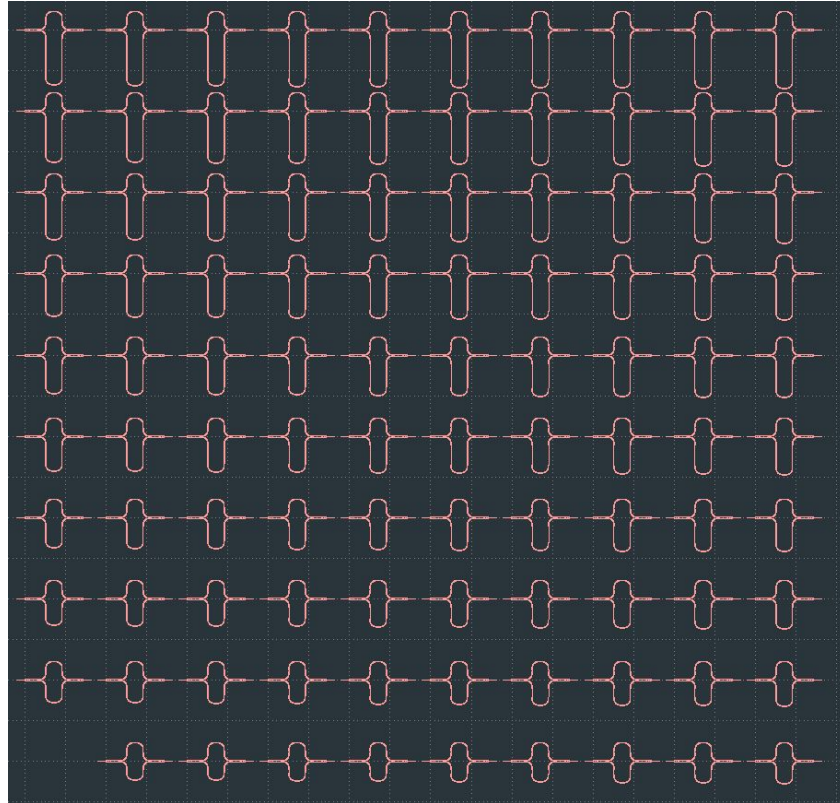
3. Validation



> 100 K\$

> 90 days

Current Layout tools are slow and hard to use



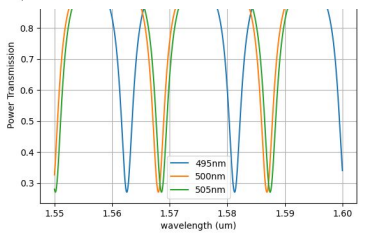
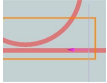
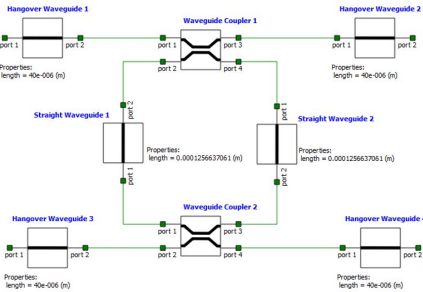
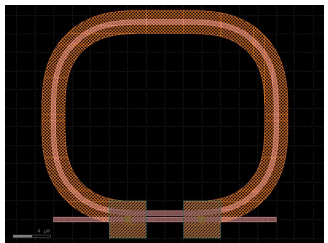
gdsfactory
100 MZI variations in
1.4 seconds

Benchmark	gdspy	gdsfactory	Gain
10k_rectangles	80.2 ms	4.87 ms	16.5
boolean-offset	187 μ s	44.7 μ s	4.19
bounding_box	36.7 ms	170 μ s	216
flatten	465 μ s	8.17 μ s	56.9
read_gds	2.68 ms	94 μ s	28.5

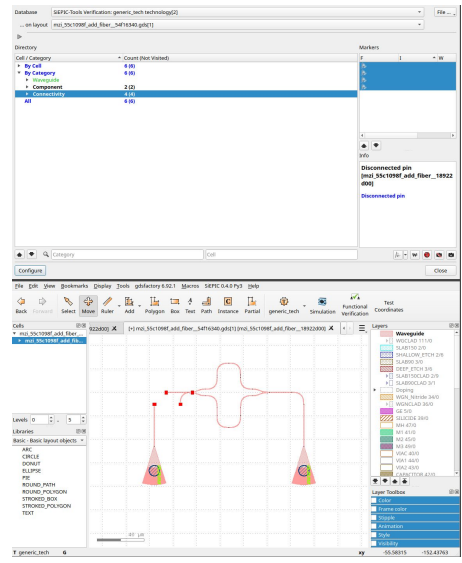
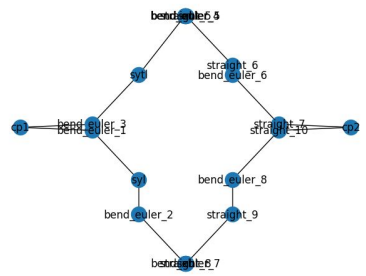
Workflow

Design

```
import gdsfactory as gf
c = gf.components.ring_single_heater(gap=0.2, radius=10, length_x=4)
```

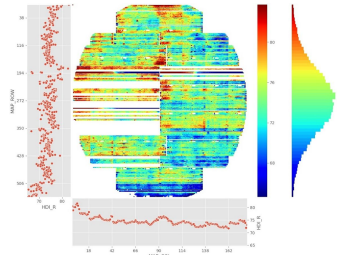
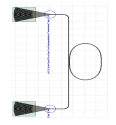


Verification



Software interface showing verification results. The main window displays a schematic of the ring resonator. The left pane shows a directory tree with 'Components' expanded. The right pane shows 'Markers' and 'Disseminated pins'. The bottom pane shows a detailed view of the ring resonator structure with a color-coded layer stack.

Validation



FEMWELL

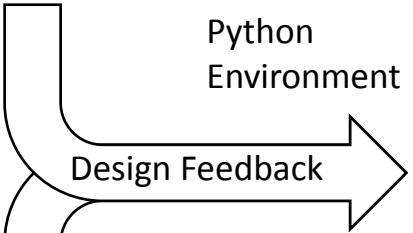
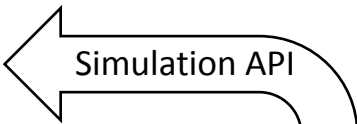
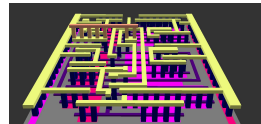
Device and
Circuit
simulations



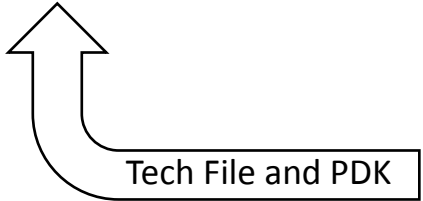
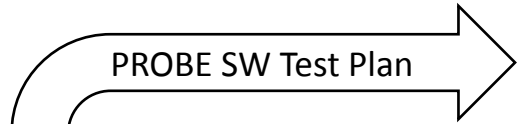
LUMERICAL



3D view



Python
Environment



Wafer Level
Prober



Wafer Level
Die Bonder



GDSFACTORY

- Highlights
 - 2M+ downloads
 - 60+ contributors
 - 10+ PDKs
- 100% Open source, Python based
 - Works on Linux, Windows and MacOs
- Extensible Plugins

Total Downloads - gdsfactory



Google

 PsiQuantum

FREEDOM
PHOTONICS
A LUMINAR COMPANY

 Meta

SRI International®


LightIC
Technologies

M
UNIVERSITY OF
MICHIGAN

amf ADVANCED
MICRO
FOUNDRY



UNIVERSITY OF
MARYLAND

GT Georgia
Tech.

black
semiconductor

 **EHVA**
Photonics

AIM
PHOTONICS 

 Lumiphase

MIT Massachusetts
Institute of
Technology



University of
BRISTOL



PRINCETON
UNIVERSITY



Queen's
UNIVERSITY

Testimonials

"I've used **gdsfactory** since 2017 for all my chip tapeouts. I love that it is fast, easy to use, and easy to extend. It's the only tool that allows us to have an end-to-end chip design flow (design, verification and validation)."

Joaquin Matres - **Google**

"I've relied on **gdsfactory** for several tapeouts over the years. It's the only tool I've found that gives me the flexibility and scalability I need for a variety of projects."

Alec Hammond - **Meta Reality Labs Research**

"As an academic working on large scale silicon photonics at CMOS foundries I've used gdsfactory to go from nothing to full-reticle layouts rapidly (in a few days). I particularly appreciate the full-system approach to photonics, with my layout being connected to circuit simulators which are then connected to device simulators. Moving from legacy tools such as gds Spy and phidl to gdsfactory has sped up my workflow at least an order of magnitude."

Alex Sluuds - **MIT**

"The best photonics layout tool I've used so far and it is leaps and bounds ahead of any commercial alternatives out there. Feels like gdsfactory is freeing photonics."

Hasitha Jayatilleka - **LightIC Technologies**

"I use gdsfactory for all of my photonic tape-outs. The Python interface makes it easy to version control individual photonic components as well as entire layouts, while integrating seamlessly with KLayout and most standard photonic simulation tools, both open-source and commercial."

Thomas Dorch - **Freedom Photonics**

GDSfactory PDKs



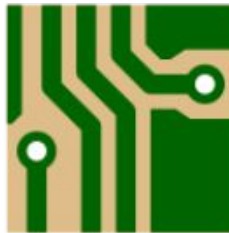
Text editor or
Schematic Editor



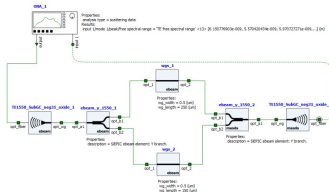
Python
interpreter



Layout
GDS viewer



CMOS Foundry



gdsfactory python
or YAML file



GDS file

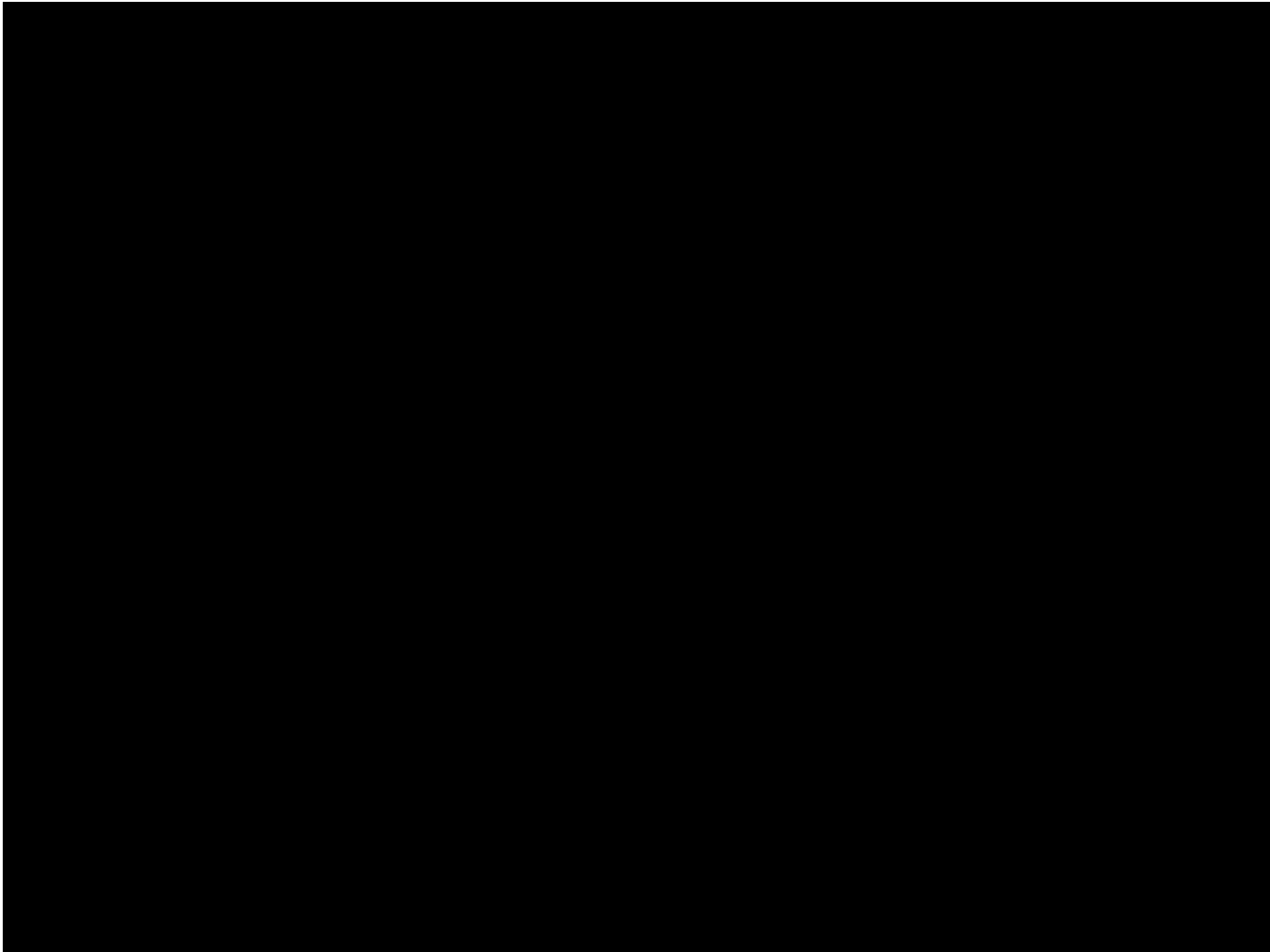


GDS, LVS and
DRC results



Physical Chip





Python flow

1. run python code



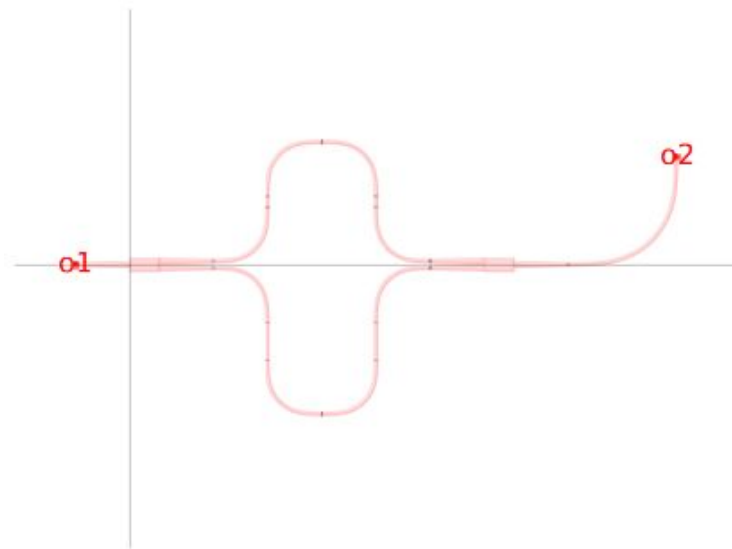
2. Visualize GDS



```
import gdsfactory as gf

@gf.cell
def mzi_with_bend(radius:float=10)->gf.Component:
    c = gf.Component()
    mzi = c.add_ref(gf.components.mzi())
    bend = c.add_ref(gf.components.bend_euler(radius=radius))
    bend.connect('o1', mzi['o2'])
    c.add_port('o1', port=mzi['o1'])
    c.add_port('o2', port=bend['o2'])
    return c

c = mzi_with_bend(radius=100)
c.show()
```



Python flow

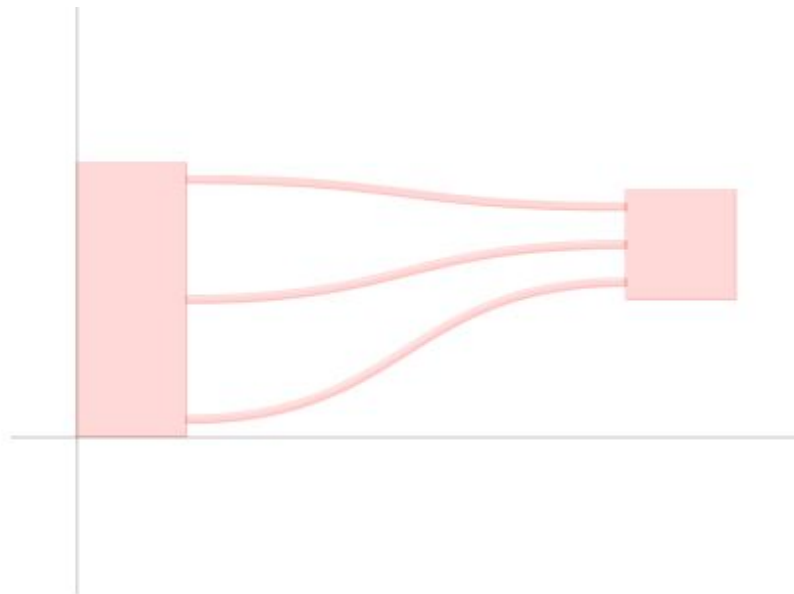
1. run python code



```
@gf.cell
def nxn_to_nxn() -> gf.Component:
    c = gf.Component()
    c1 = c.add_ref(gf.components.nxn(east=3, ysize=20))
    c2 = c.add_ref(gf.components.nxn(west=3))
    c2.move((40, 10))
    routes = gf.routing.get_bundle(
        c1.get_ports_list(orientation=0),
        c2.get_ports_list(orientation=180),
        with_sbend=True,
        enforce_port_ordering=False,
    )
    for route in routes:
        c.add(route.references)
    return c

c = nxn_to_nxn()
c.show()
```

2. Visualize GDS

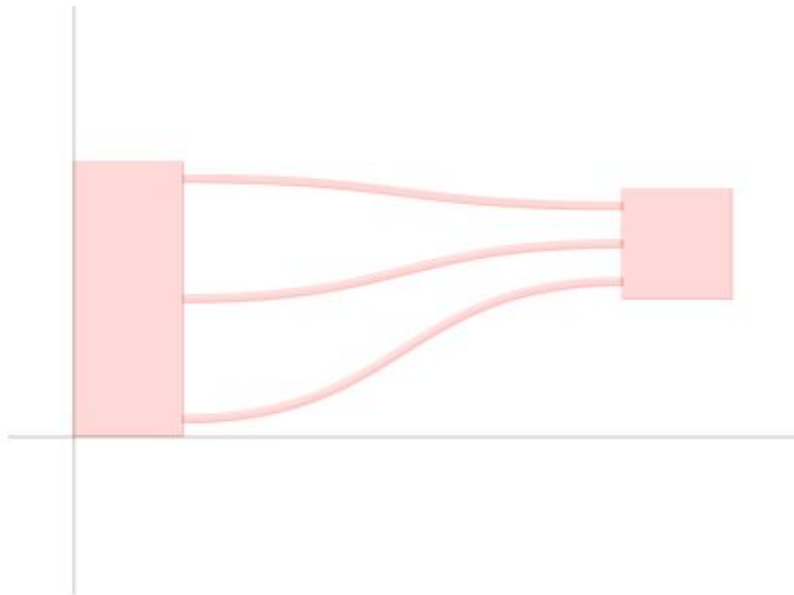


YAML flow

1. YAML

```
name: nxn_to_nxn
instances:
  c1:
    component: nxn
    settings:
      east: 3
      ysize: 20
  c2:
    component: nxn
    settings:
      west: 3
placements:
  c2:
    x: 40
    y: 10
routes:
  optical:
    routing_strategy: get_bundle
    settings:
      with_sbend: True
links:
  c1,o4: c2,o1
  c1,o3: c2,o2
  c1,o2: c2,o3
```

2. See GDS in klayout

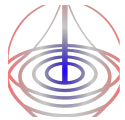
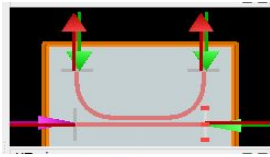
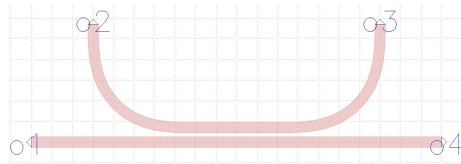


1. run python code

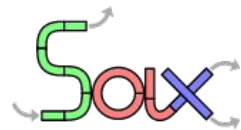


```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
EXPLORER
gdsfactory > components > grating_coupler_tree.py > ...
  grating_coupler_tree.py
  cutback_bend.py
  cutback_component.py
  dbr_tapered.py
  dbr.py
  delay_snake_sband.py
  delay_snake.py
  delay_snake2.py
  delay_snake3.py
  dicing_lane.py
  die_bbox_frame.py
  die_bbox.py
  die.py
  disk.py
  edge_coupler_array.py
  ellipse.py
  extend_ports_list.py
  extension.py
  fiber_array.py
  fiber.py
  grating_coupler_array.py
  grating_coupler_circular.py
  grating_coupler_elliptical_arbitr...
  grating_coupler_elliptical_lumeric...
  grating_coupler_elliptical_trenchc...
  grating_coupler_elliptical.py
  grating_coupler_functions.py
  grating_coupler_loss_fiber_single.py
  grating_coupler_loss.py
  grating_coupler_rectangular_arbit...
  grating_coupler_rectangular_arbit...
  grating_coupler_rectangular.py
  grating_coupler_tree.py
  hline.py
  L.py
  litho_calipers.py
  litho_ruler.py
  litho_steps.py
  logo.py
  loop_mirror.py
  marker_vertical.py
  mm1x2.py
  mm2x2.py
  mzi_arm.py
  mzi_arms.py
  mzi_lattice.py
  mzi_pads_center.py
  mzi_phase_shifter.py
  mzi.py
  multi_lattice.py
  mzi.py
  nrxn.py
  pack_doe.py
  pad_gsg.py
  pad.py
  pads_shorted.py
  ...
  grating_coupler_tree.py
  with loopback: adds loopback.
  bend: bend spec.
  fanout length: in um
  layer label: for layer.
  kwargs: cross_section settings.
  ...
  c = straight_array(
    n=n,
    spacing=straight_spacing,
    **kwargs,
  )
  ...
  return gf.routing.add_fiber_array(
    component=c,
    with_loopback=with_loopback,
    optical_routing_type=0,
    grating_coupler=grating_coupler,
    fanout_length=fanout_length,
    component_name=c.name,
    bend=bend,
    layer_label=layer_label,
    taper=None,
    **kwargs,
  )
  ...
if __name__ == '__main__':
  c = grating_coupler_tree()
  # print(c.settings)
  c.show()
  ...
  See 'conda init --help' for more information and options.
  IMPORTANT: You may need to close and restart your shell after running 'conda init'.
  [I] >> ~/gdsfactory on master x /home/jmatres/maebaforge/bin/python /home/jmatres/gdsfactory/gdsfactory/components/grating_coupler_tree.py
  2022-09-27 08:14:34.620 | INFO | gdsfactory.config:module:52 - Load '/home/jmatres/gdsfactory/gdsfactory' 5.8.0
  WG
  [I] >> ~/gdsfactory on master x /home/jmatres/maebaforge/bin/python /home/jmatres/gdsfactory/gdsfactory/components/grating_coupler_tree.py
  2022-09-27 08:14:34.001 | INFO | gdsfactory.config:module:52 - Load '/home/jmatres/gdsfactory/gdsfactory' 5.8.0
  WG
  ...
  Python
```

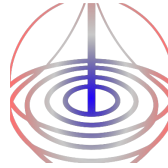
2. Visualize GDS or run Simulation



FEMWELL



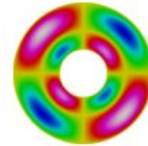
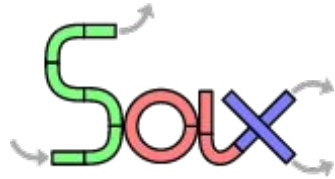
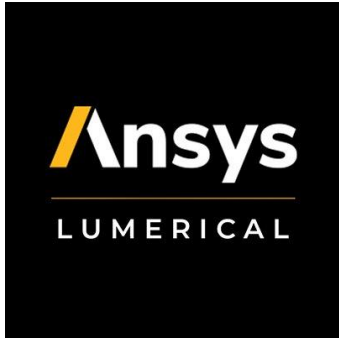
Plugins to Open source and proprietary tools



FEMWELL

DEVSIM
TCAD software

Potrace

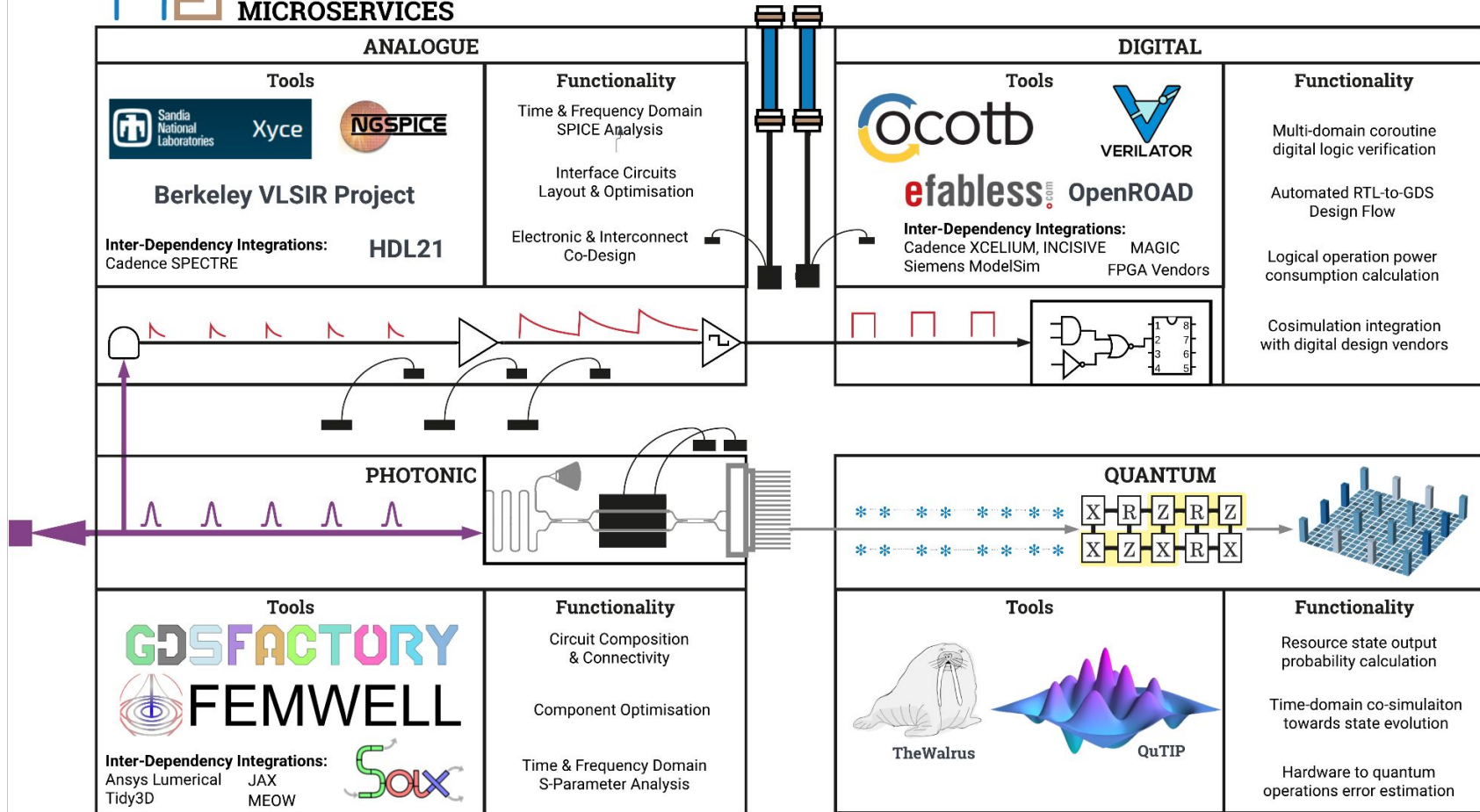


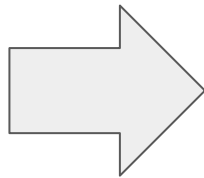
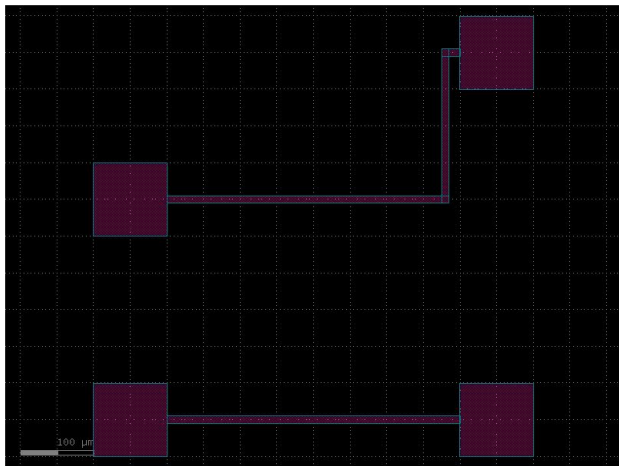
Elmer FEM
open source multiphysical simulation software



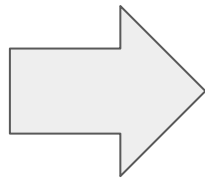
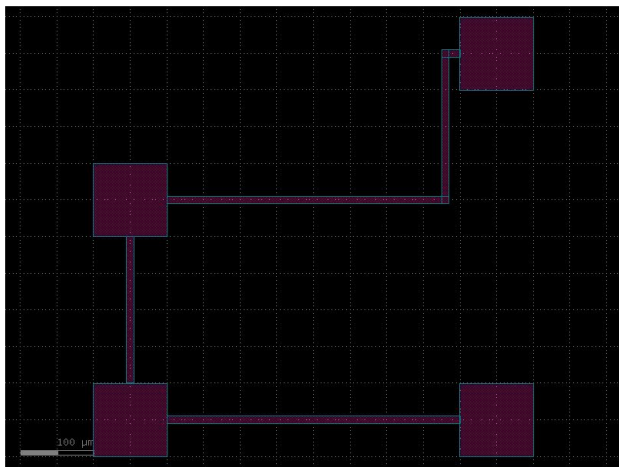
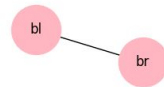
Tidy3D



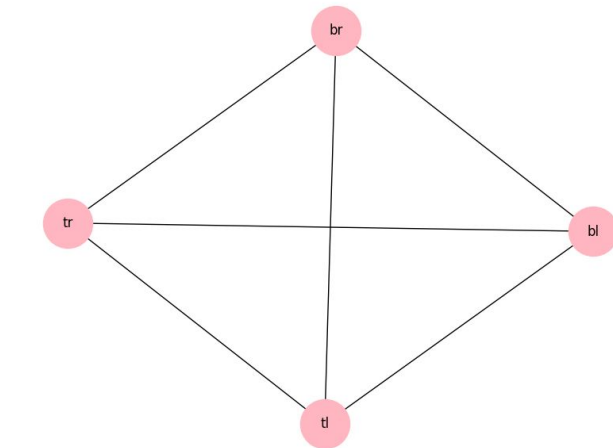




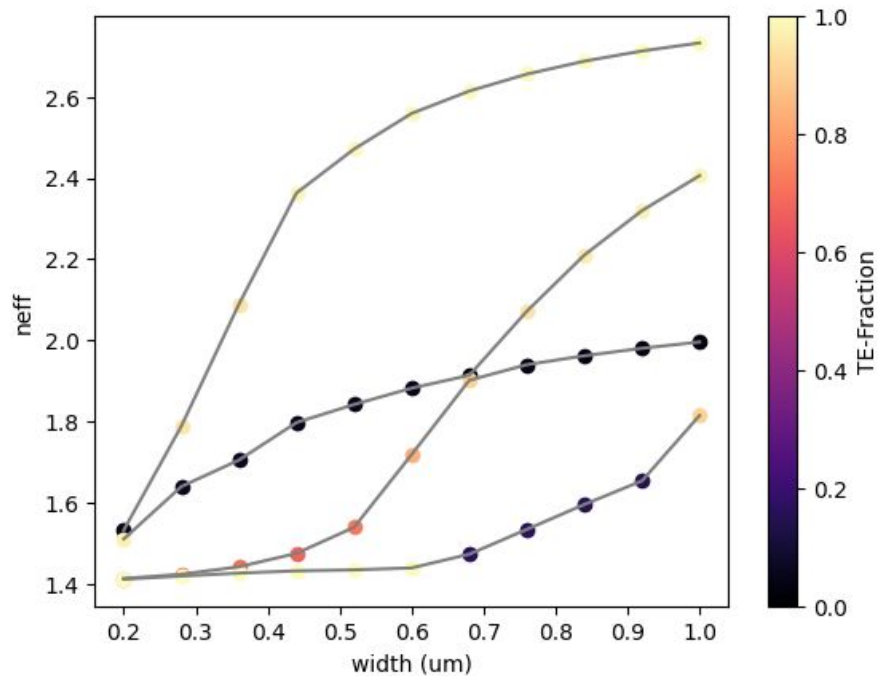
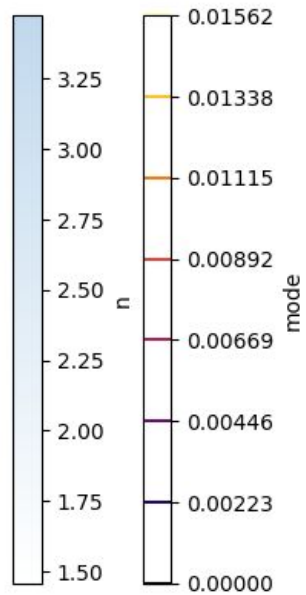
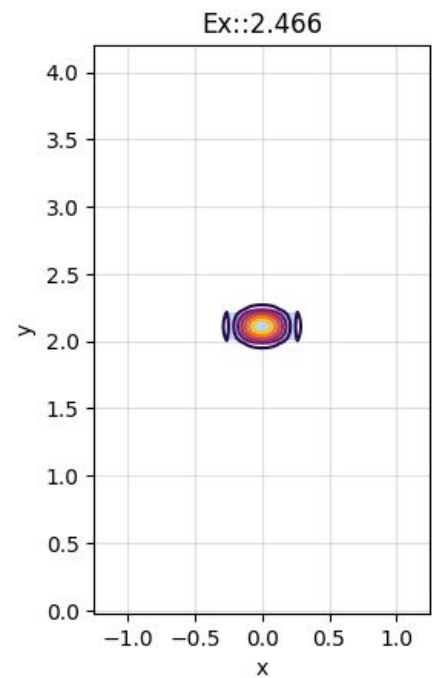
Connectivity



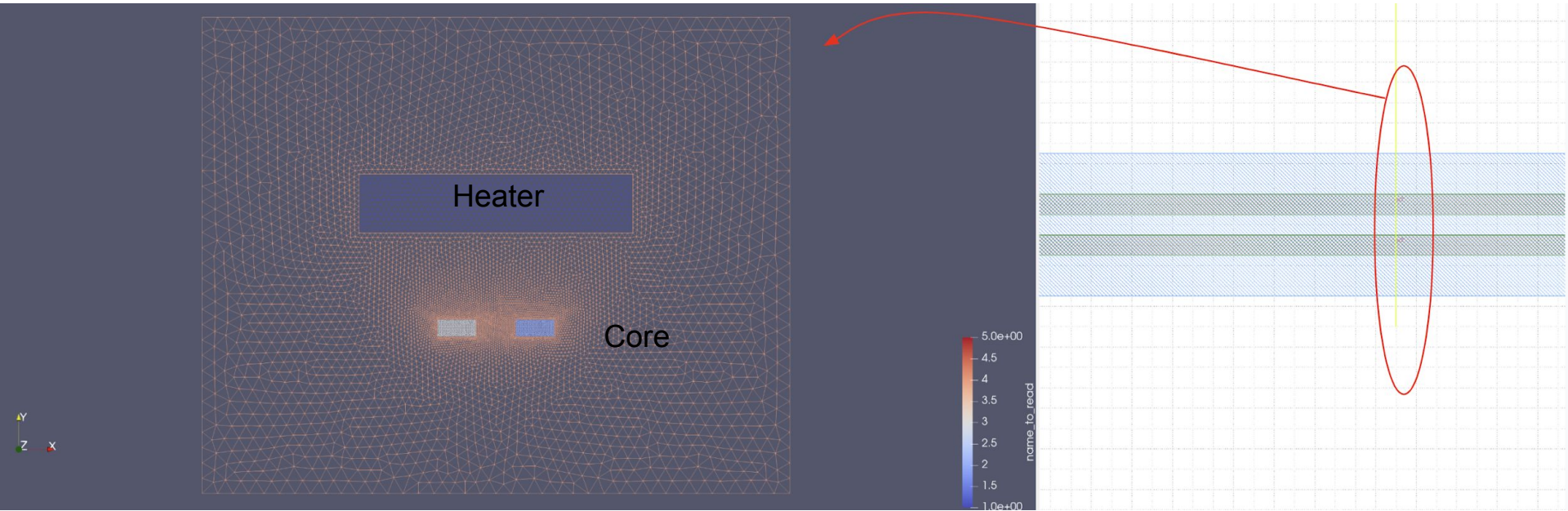
Connectivity



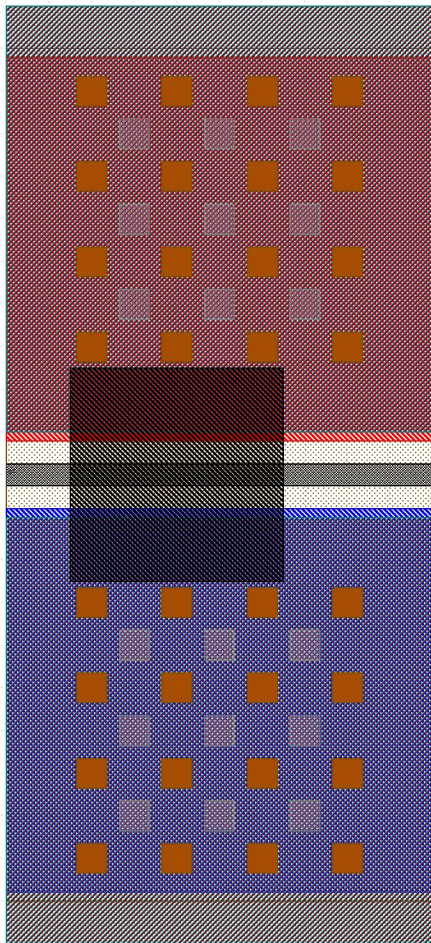
Mode solver



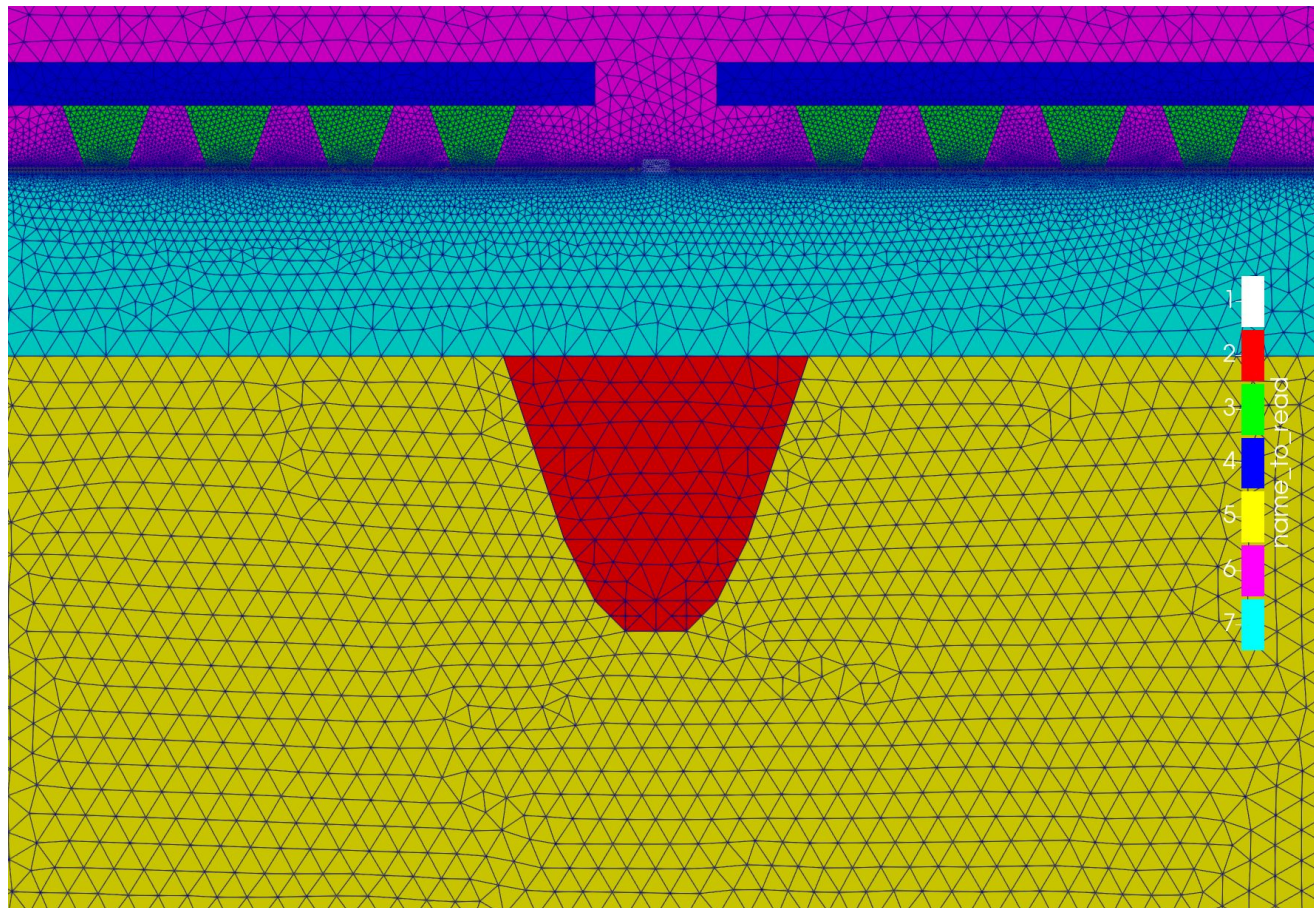
FEM mesh

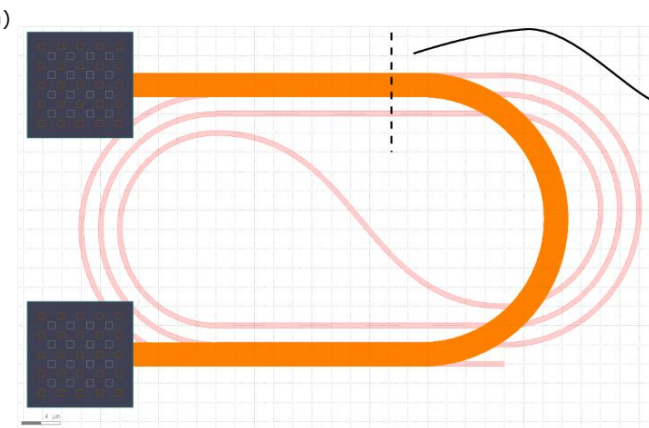


Top view

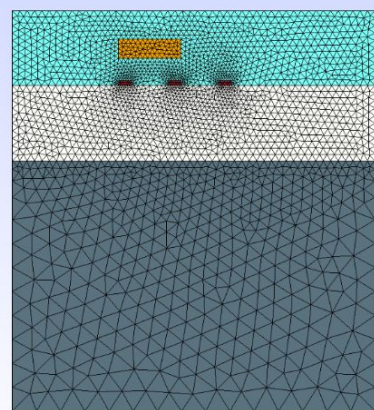


Side view

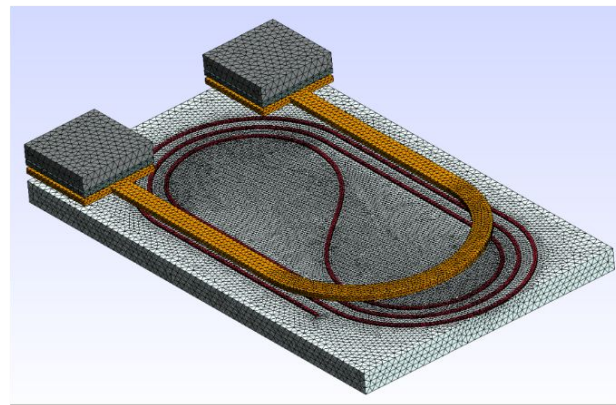




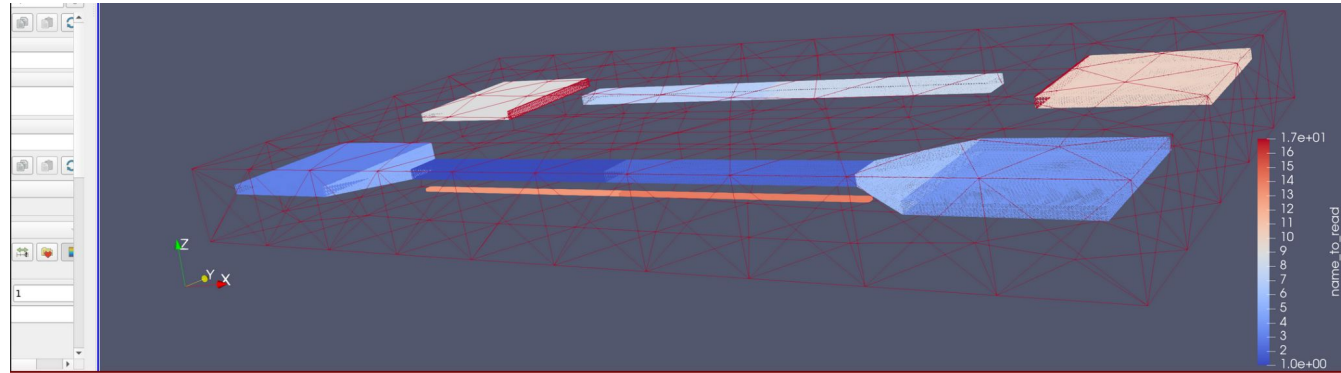
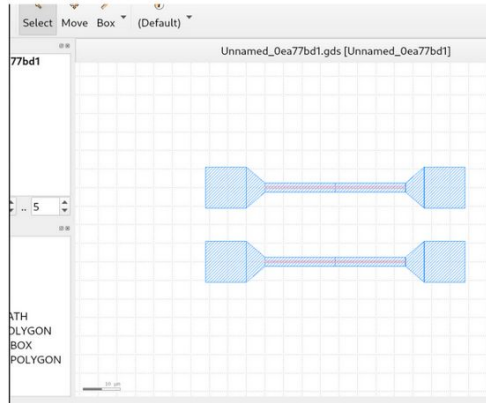
(b)



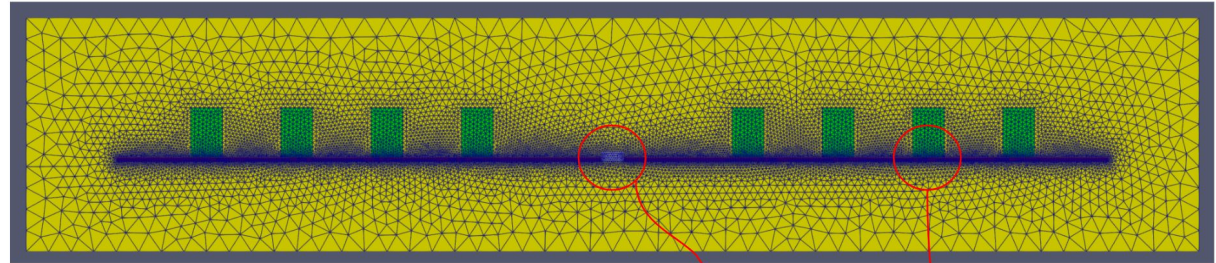
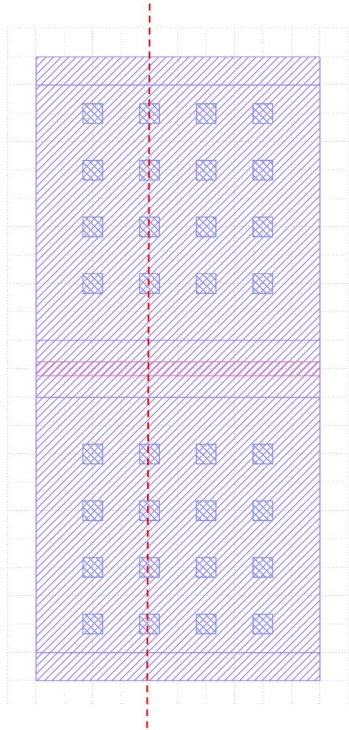
(c)



FEM mesh



FEM mesh

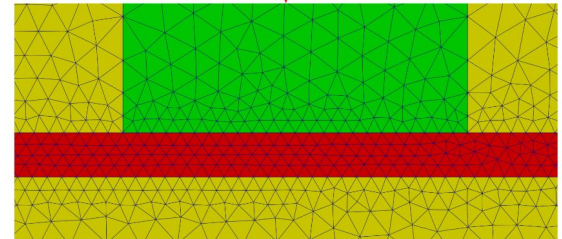
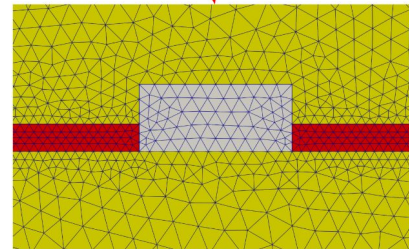


```
waveguide = gf.components.straight_pin(length=10, taper=None)
waveguide.show()

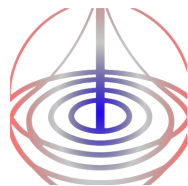
filtered_layerstack = LayerStack(
  layers={
    k: get_layer_stack_generic().layers[k]
    for k in [
      "slab90",
      "core",
      "via_contact",
      "#metal2",
      ] # "slab90", "via_contact"#"via_contact" # "slab90", "core"
  }
)

resolutions = {}
resolutions["core"] = {"resolution": 0.05, "distance": 2}
resolutions["slab90"] = {"resolution": 0.03, "distance": 1}
resolutions["via_contact"] = {"resolution": 0.1, "distance": 1}

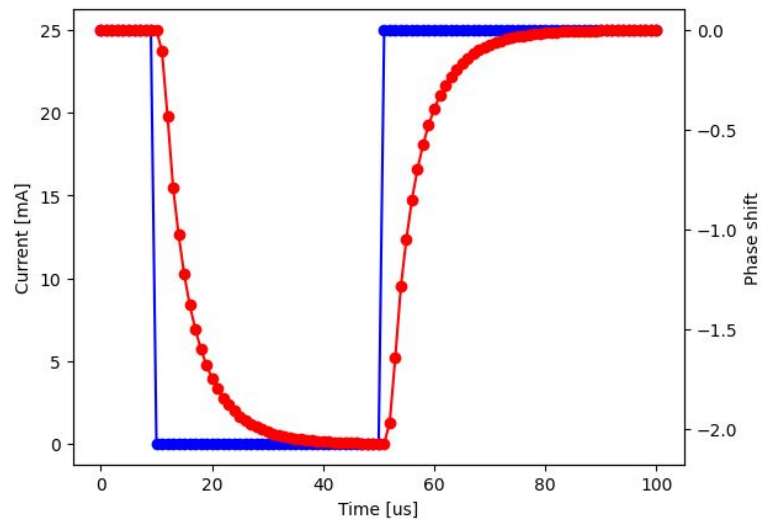
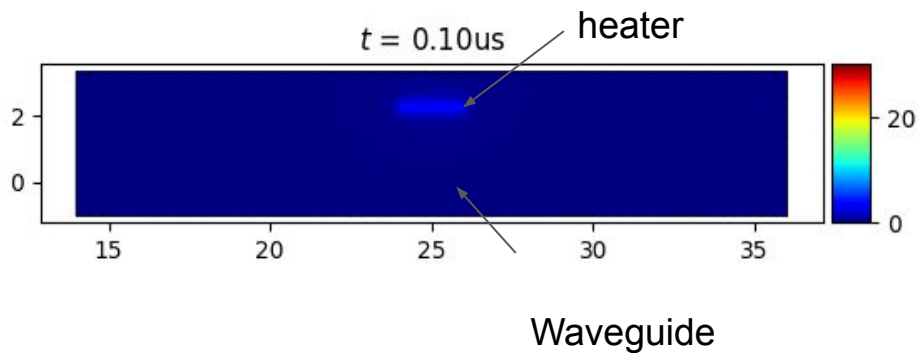
geometry = uz.xsection_mesh(
  waveguide,
  [(4, -15), (4, 15)],
  filtered_layerstack,
  resolutions=resolutions,
  background_tag="0xide",
)
```



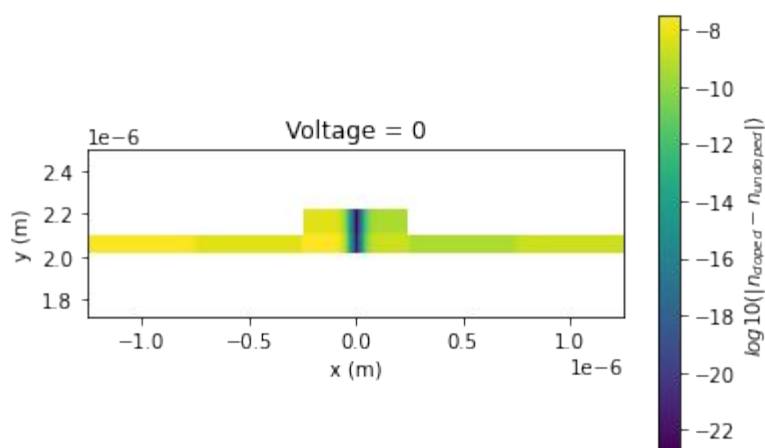
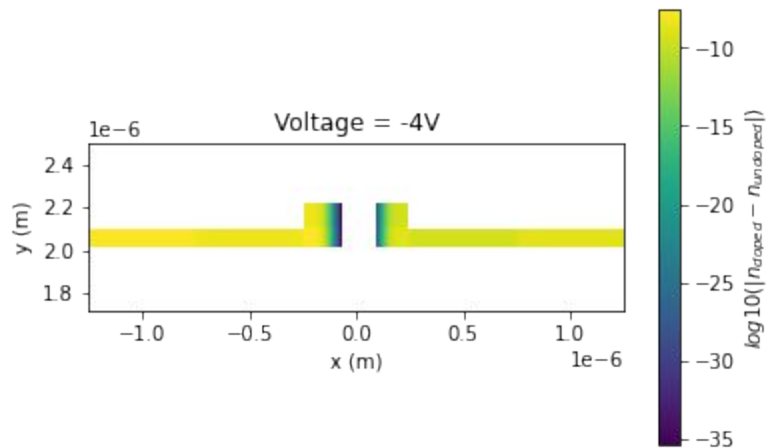
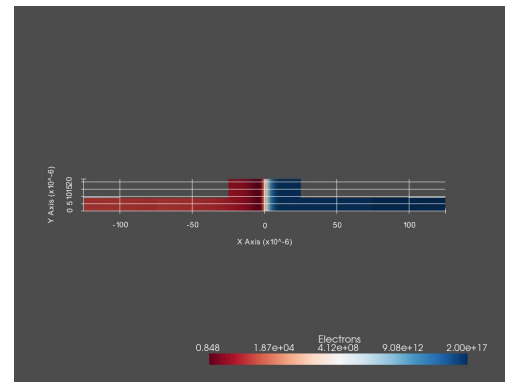
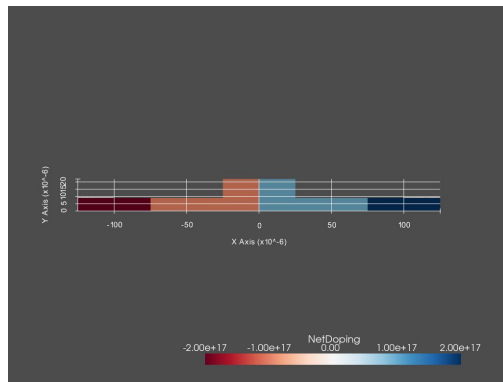
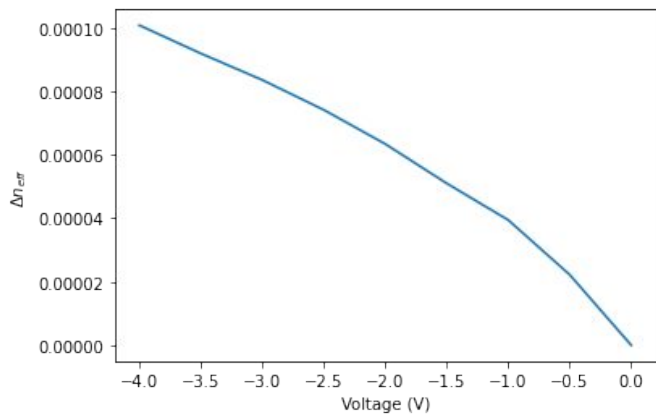
FEM Heat solver



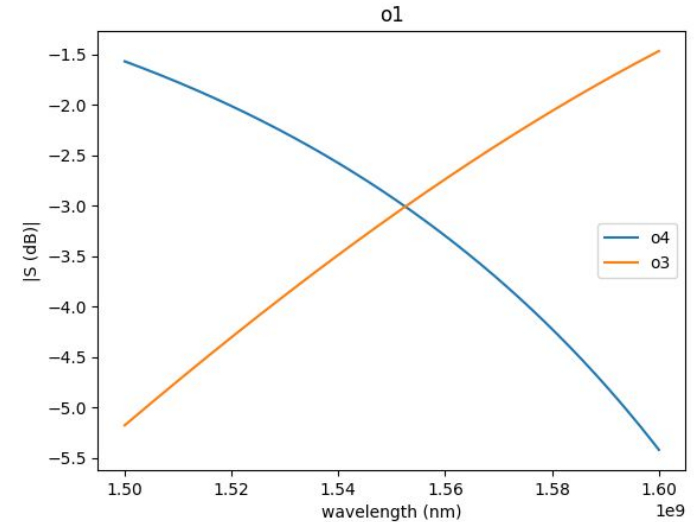
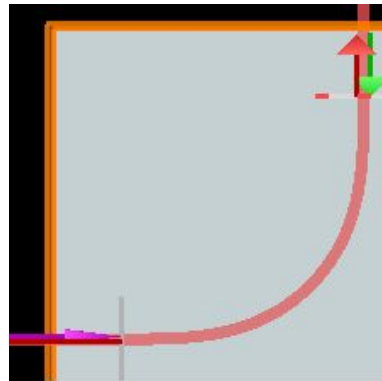
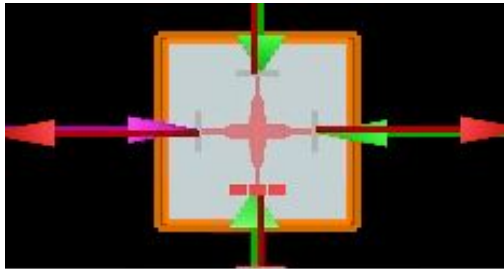
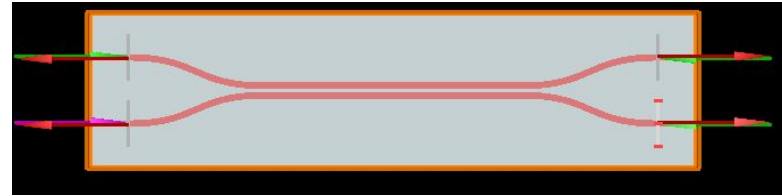
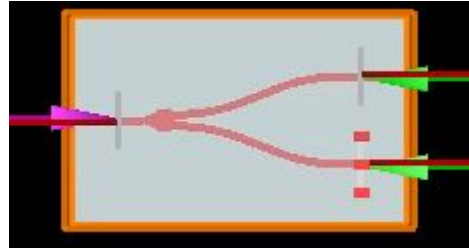
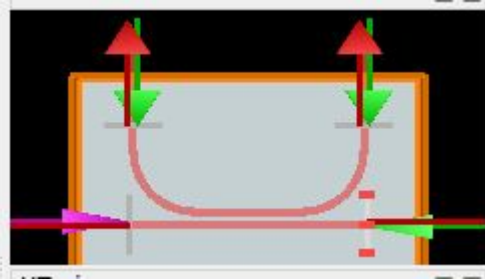
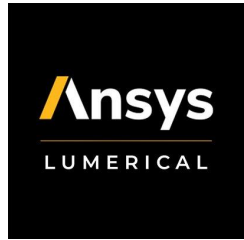
FEMWELL



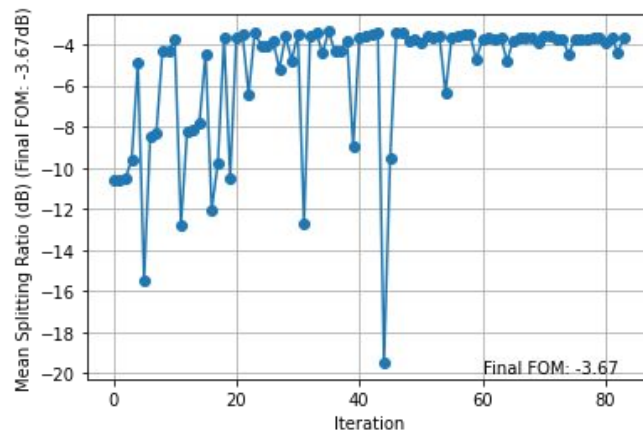
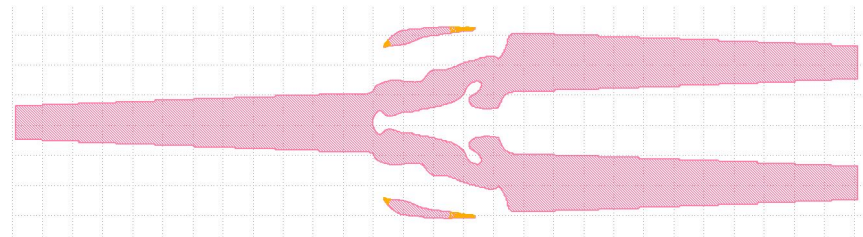
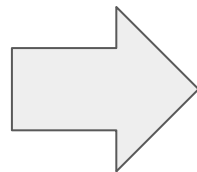
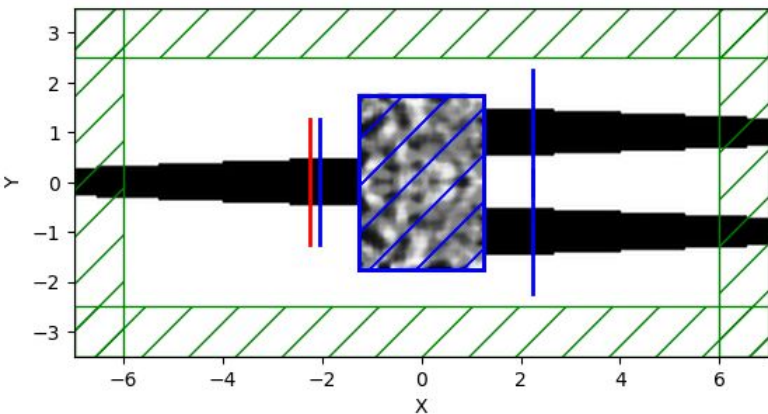
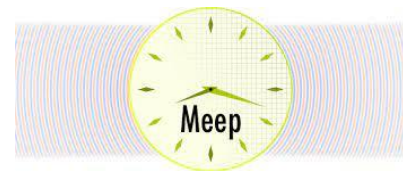
DEVSIM TCAD Device simulator

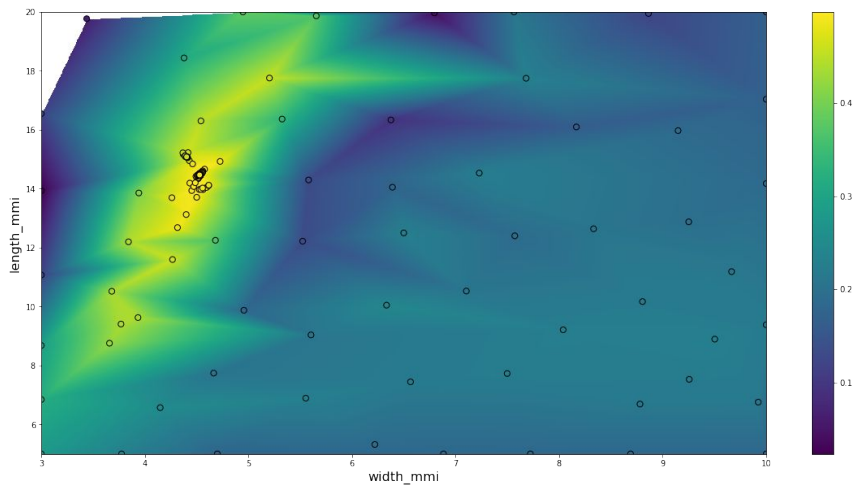
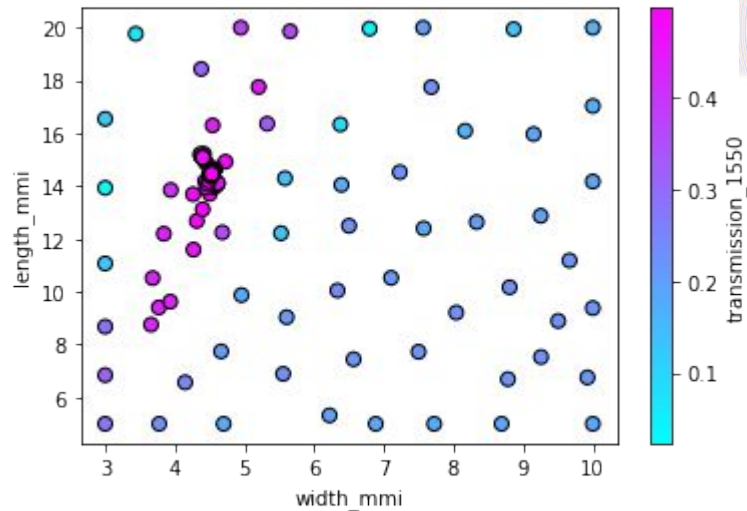
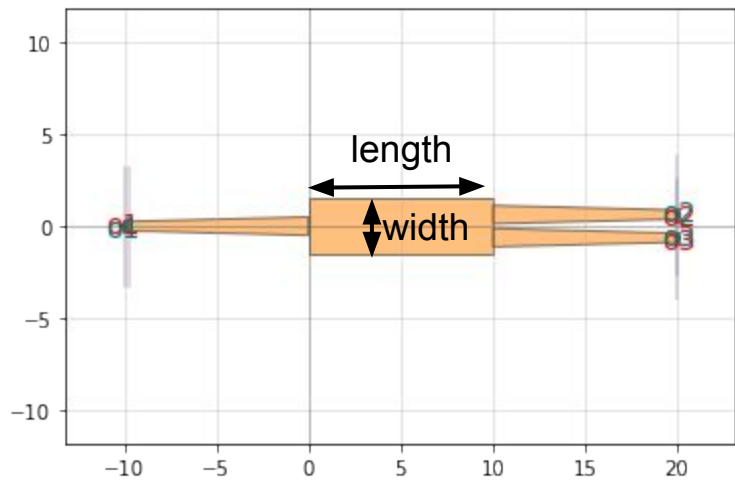


Automated FDTD Simulation from layout



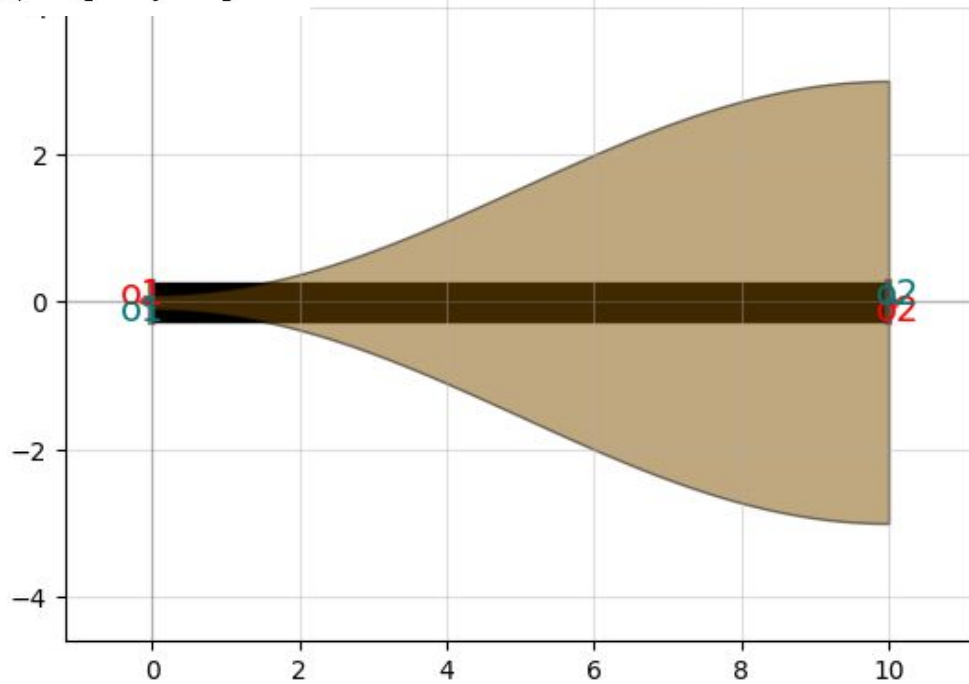
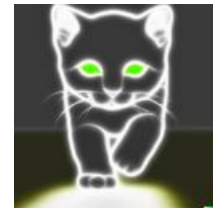
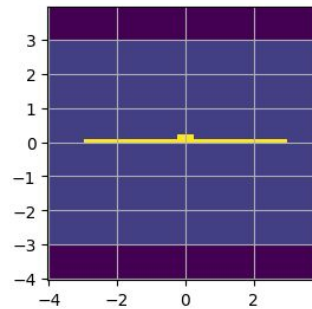
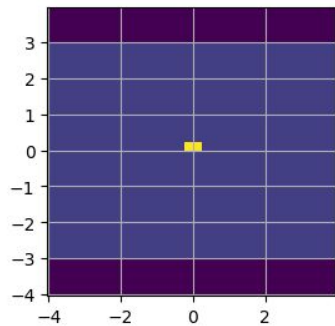
Adjoint optimization (inverse design)



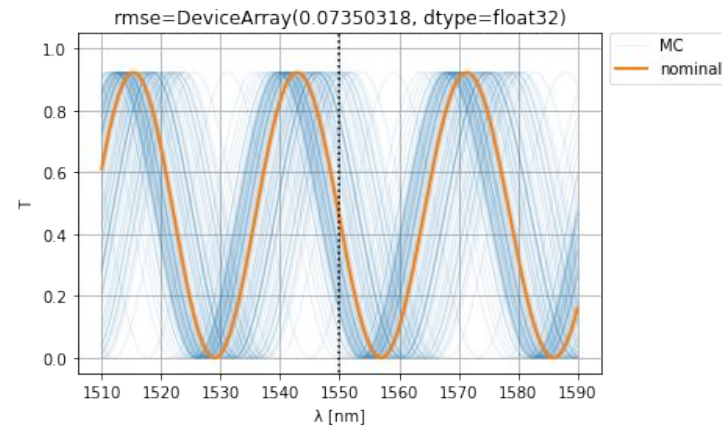
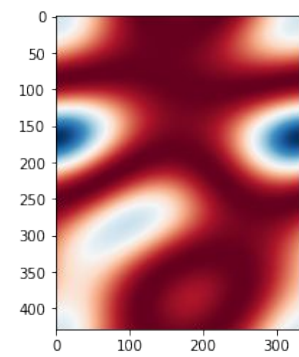
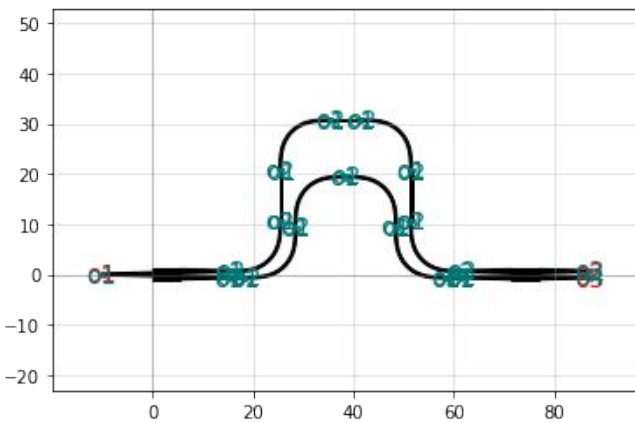
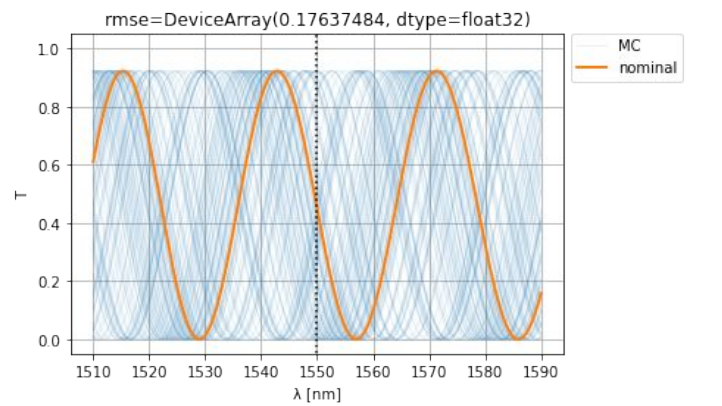
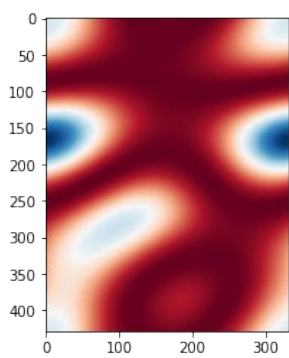
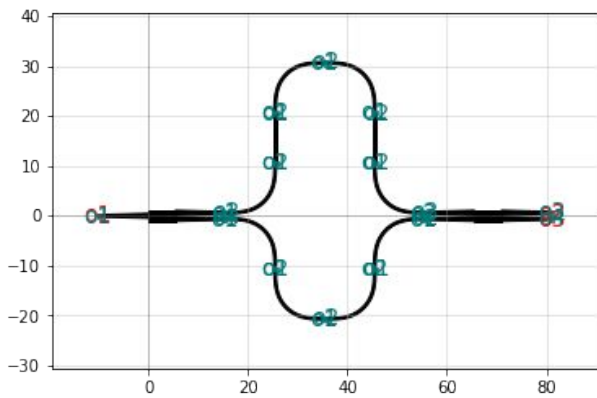


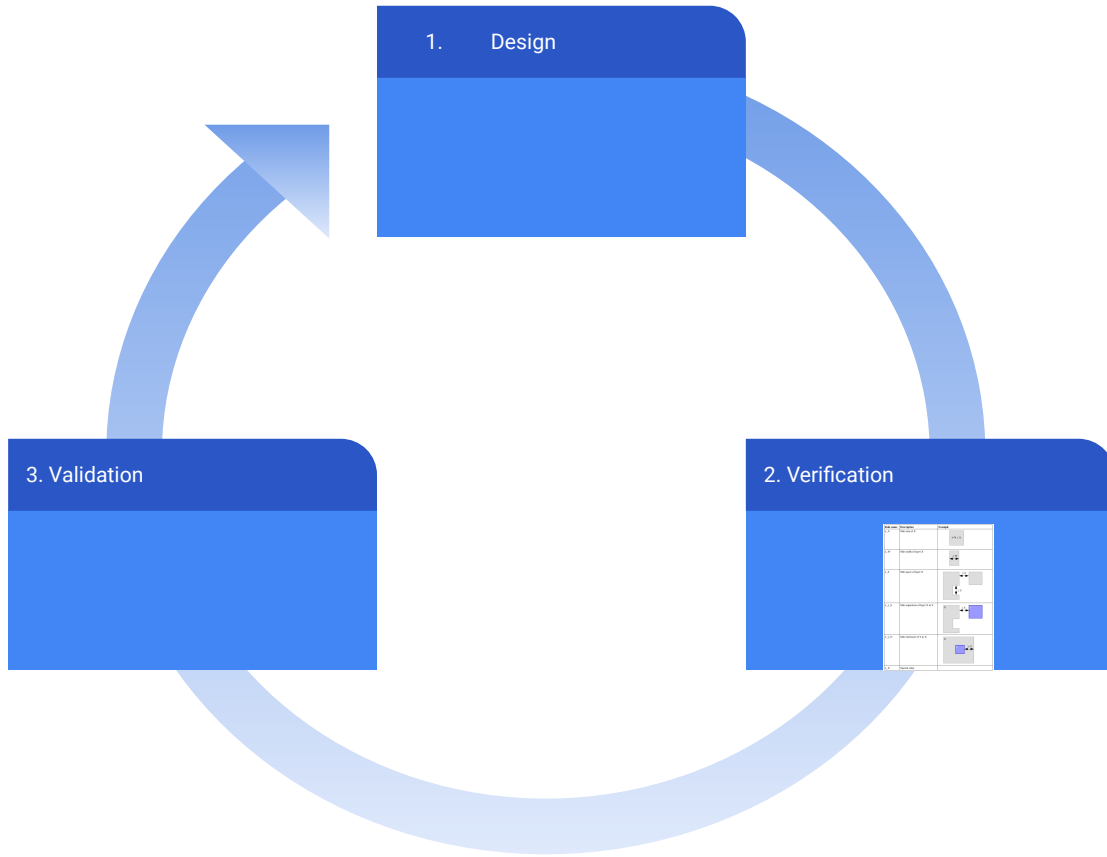
TRIAL_ID	width	length	transmission
128	3.000000	13.936181	0.023320
92	6.796302	19.966311	0.042681
150	4.535979	14.461443	0.497184
148	4.536362	14.458428	0.497189
86	4.531666	14.452401	0.497239
144	4.535423	14.446593	0.497312
104	4.555169	14.544551	0.497325
163	4.535932	14.450433	0.497512
167	4.535889	14.454474	0.497642

EME



Layout aware Monte Carlo with SAX





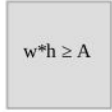

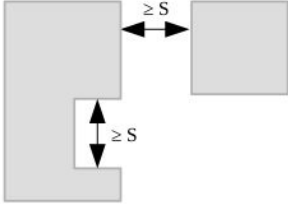
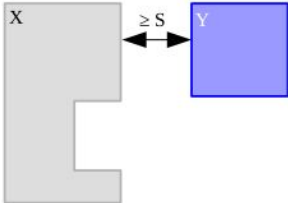
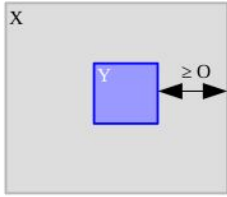
DRC

GDSFACTORY



Generates Klayout DRC decks and creates shortcut

```
rules = [  
  rule_width(layer="WG", value=0.2),  
  rule_space(layer="WG", value=0.2),  
  rule_width(layer="M1", value=1),  
  rule_width(layer="M2", value=2),  
  rule_space(layer="M2", value=2),  
  rule_separation(layer1="HEATER", layer2="M1", value=1.0),  
  rule_enclosing(layer1="M1", layer2="VIAC", value=0.2),  
  rule_area(layer="WG", min_area_um2=0.05),  
  rule_density(  
    layer="WG", layer_floorplan="FLOORPLAN", min_density=0.5, max_density=0.6  
  ),  
]  
  
drc_rule_deck = write_drc_deck_macro(  
  rules=rules,  
  layers=gf.LAYER,  
  shortcut="Ctrl+Shift+D",  
)
```

Rule name	Description	Example
x_A	Min area of X	
x_W	Min width of layer X	
x_S	Min space of layer X	
x_y_S	Min separation of layer X to Y	
x_y_O	Min enclosure of Y in X	
x_X	Special rules	

Database: SiEPIC-Tools Verification: generic technology[1] File ...

... on layout: mzi.gds

Directory

Cell / Category	Count (Not Visited)
By Cell	7 (7)
By Category	7 (7)
Waveguide	
Component	1 (1)
Connectivity	6 (6)
All	7 (7)

Markers

F	I

Info

[mzi]

Category: Cell

Configure Close

File Edit View Bookmarks Display Tools Macros SiEPIC 0.3.89 Py3 Help generic DRG

Back Forward Select Move Ruler Add Polygon Box Text Path Instance Partial generic Simulation Functional Verification Test Coordinates

Cells: mzi

[+] mzi.gds [mzi]

bend_euler

SiEPIC-Tools verification: 7 errors
 2022-05-27 08:04:09
 SiEPIC-Tools v0.3.89
 technology: generic
 linux
 Python: 3.8.7 (default: Dec 22 2020, 10:37:26) /opt/lumerical/lumerical-flexim/api/python
 KLayout 0.27.8

20 μm

Layers

- Waveguide
 - WGCLAD 111/0
 - SLAB150 2/0
 - SLAB90 3/0
 - SHALLOWET...
 - DEEPEETCH 3/6
 - SLAB150CLA...
 - SLAB90CLAD...
- Doping
- WGN Nitride ...
- WGNCCLAD 3...
- GE 5/0
- SILICIDE 39/0
- MH 47/0
- M1 41/0
- M2 45/0
- M3 49/0
- VIA2 43/0
- VIA1 44/0
- VIA2 43/0
- CAPACITOR 4...
- METALPEN ...
- DEEPTRENC...
- OXIDE_ETCH ...
- SITILES 190/0
- MITILES 191/0
- TEXT 66/0
- LABEL OPTIC...
- LABEL_SETTI...
- TE 203/0
- TM 204/0
- LABEL_INSTA...
- DICING 65/0
- DRC_EXCLUD...
- FLOORPLAN ...
- simulation
- Lumerical
- DevRec
- PinRec
- FbrTgt
- Text
- Errors
- PinRec.M

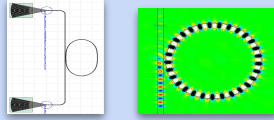
Layer Toolbox

- Color
- Frame color
- Stipple
- Animation
- Style
- Visibility

Levels 0 2

T generic G xy -10.46404 29.68868

1. Design



2. Verification

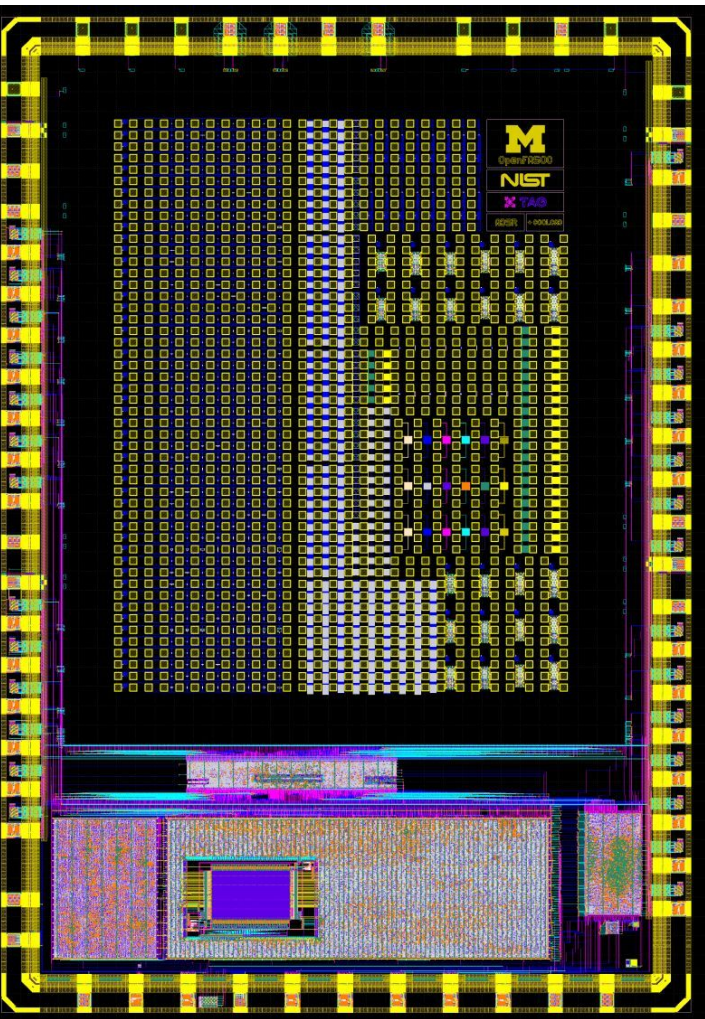


3. Validation



> 100 K\$

> 90 days



Tuohang Zeng • 1st

MS ECE student at the University of Michigan

6mo • Edited •



Tape-out submitted! I am excited to complete my first tape-out with [Mehdi Saligane](#) as my advisor at the [University of Michigan](#). This work was done in collaboration with [Brian Hoskins](#) at the [National Institute of Standards and Technology \(NIST\)](#), [David Fleischer](#) at [ADSR, Ltd.](#), and [Akin Akturk](#) at [CoolCAD Electronics LLC](#). Special thanks to [Tim Ansell](#) and [Google](#) for sponsoring the [SkyWater Technology Foundry, Google, Efabless Corporation](#) MPW program!

Our design consists of test structures on the open-source SKY130 PDK. Few stats to highlight:

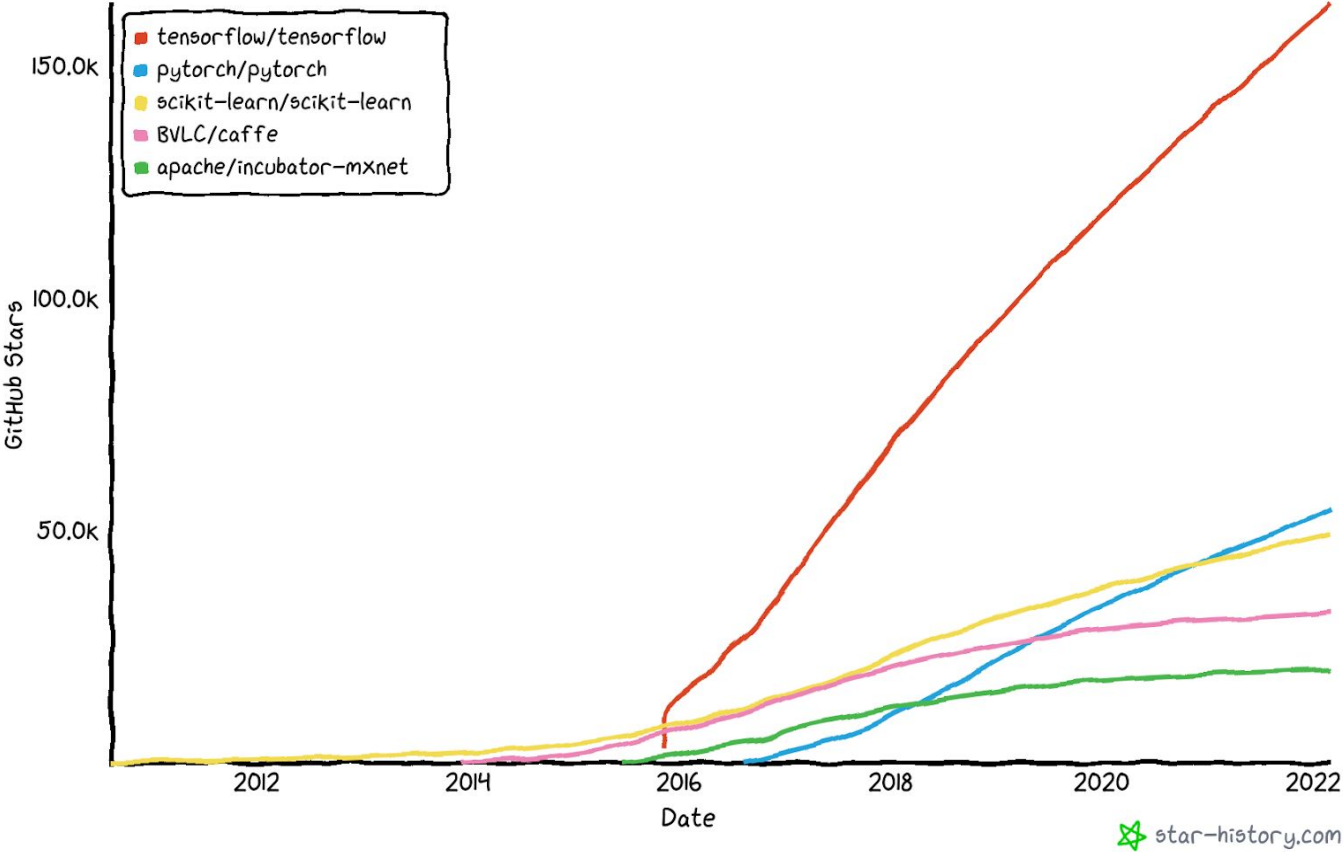
- ~1400 bare pads
- 400+ transistor test structures
- 30 capacitor test structures
- 24 Ring Oscillators, built on 12 standard cell libraries using OpenFASOC
- 18 line resistance and via chain test structures
- ...

We completed our designs using open-source tools like Magic and KLayout, and heavily used automated flows like OpenFASOC, sitting on top of OpenROAD, and [gdsfactory](#). The goal is to create open-source models at cryogenic temperature and enhance the existing SKY130 models, especially for high-end analog design.

Open-source hardware/EDA has enabled a new level of collaboration in IC design, and we are excited about what open-source PDKs and tools will empower us to do in the future!

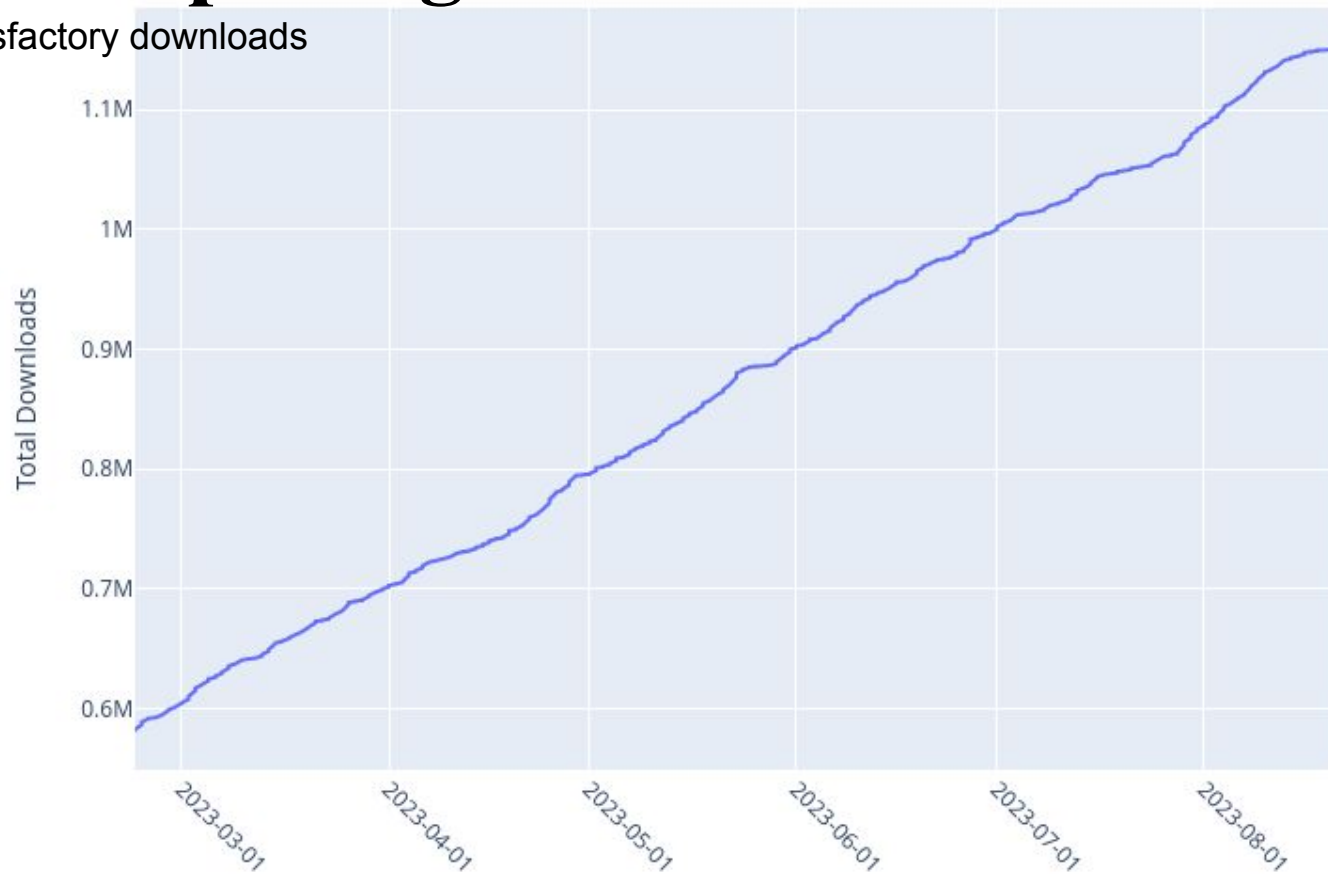
Bring the **success** of machine learning

Star history



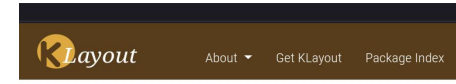
Into Chip design

Gdsfactory downloads



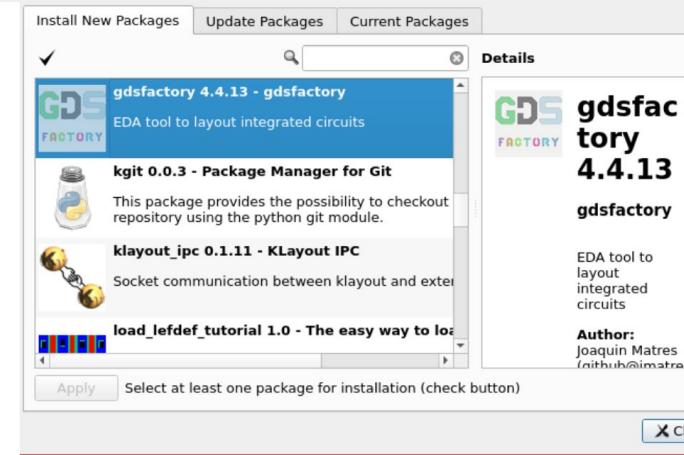
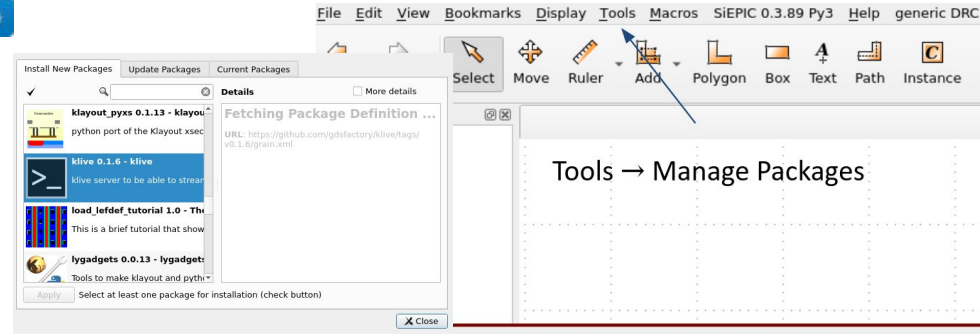
Getting started

- [Learn on Google Colab](#)
- Install it on your computer
 - [Install anaconda](#)
 - [Install klayout](#)
 - Install gdsfactory macro and Klive
- See also
 - [YouTube videos](#)
 - [Gdsfactory docs](#)
 - [Gdsfactory plugins docs](#)
 - [Photonics edx course](#)



Download or Build Yourself

Download





Build me a
Mach-Zehnder
Interferometer

```
@gf.cell
def mzi(delta_length: float = 10.0) -> gf.Component:
    """Create a Mach-Zehnder Interferometer component with an adjustable length difference
    between the two arms.
```

Args:

delta_length: Length difference between the two arms of the MZI.

Returns:

Mach-Zehnder Interferometer component.

```
c = gf.Component()
```

```
splitter = c << gf.components.mmi1x2()
```

```
# Bottom arm
```

```
bottom_arm = c << mzi_arm()
```

```
bottom_arm.mirror(p1=(0, 0), p2=(1, 0))
```

```
bottom_arm.connect(port="o1", destination=splitter.ports["o3"])
```

```
# Combiner
```

```
combiner = c << gf.components.mmi1x2()
```

